JUNIOR & SENIOR DIVISIONS - GENERAL DEMANDS (LT 16 A-G are not listed)							
Н.	NOUN:	1. singular* 2	•		nominative	case* 5. objective case*	
*May not be used if noun used as adjective is the function demand. **when a collective noun is used as an adjective, it cannot be singular or plural, or have case							
when a conective noun is used as an adjective, it cannot be singular of plural, of have case							
I.	PRONOUI	N: 1. singular	4. indefinite	7.	relative	10. nominative case	
		2. plural	5. interrogative	-	intensive	11. objective case	
		3. personal	6. demonstrativ	ə 9.	reflexive	12. possessive case	
J.	VERB: 1. singular form		8. imper	8. imperative mood		15. present perfect infinitive	
	2. plural form		•	atic form*	16. simple tense **		
	3. linking			10. active voice		17. perfect tense **	
	4. regular		•	sive voice	18. progressive form **		
	5. irregular					erfect progressive form **	
	 6. present participle 7. past participle 			13. intransitive20. function for infinitive14. present infinitive21. function for gerund			
	r. past participie		e 14. pies	14. present inimitive 21. runction for gerund		netion for gerand	
	*The player may choose to designate present or past.						
	**The player may choose to designate present, past or future when tense or form is called (not as an additional demand)						
ĸ	ADJECTI	· · · -	,	arison			
K. ADJECTIVE: 1. positive degree of comparison 2. comparative degree of comparison*							
	3. superlative degree of comparison*						
	*If these are demanded, the player may also indicate regular or irregular.						
L.	L. ADVERB: 1. positive degree of comparison						
	2. comparative degree of comparison*						
	superlative degree of comparison*						
	*If these are demanded, the player may also indicate regular or irregular.						
M. CLAUSES* : The solution word must be contained in the following clauses: 1. dependent (subordinate) 3. adverb 5. infinitive							
	1. dependent (subordinate)				5. infinitive		
	2. adjective 4. noun					cal (incomplete)*	

4. noun 6. elliptical (incomplete)*

*SEE Dictionary of Terms for definition of elliptical clause.

- N. PHRASES*: The solution word must be contained in the following phrases:
 - 3. gerund 5. prepositional 7. adverb 1. appositive
 - 2. infinitive 4. participial 6. adjective

*NOTE ON LT 16 M & N: The two previous demands, M & N, known as the "Must Be Contained In..." Demands are limited to two times per shake in this division. This maximum number represents a combination of both phrases and clauses. IT IS NOT two clauses and two phrases, BUT RATHER a total of two in any combination. EXAMPLE: 2 clauses, 2 phrases, or 1 clause and 1 phrase.

O. THE WORD MUST BE A COMPOUND WORD

SEE Dictionary of Terms on the difference between a compound preposition and a preposition which is compound. SEE ALSO Compound Word in the Dictionary of Terms.

P. THE WORD MUST BE PART OF: 1.a direct quote (proper punctuation and capitalization required)* 2. an indirect quote *SEE Dictionary of Terms for the definition of direct quote.

Q. THE WORD TO BE FORMED MUST NOT BE CONTAINED IN: 1. adjective clause

- 5. elliptical clause
- 2. adverb clause 6. direct auote 7. indirect quote
- 9. gerund phrase
- 10. participial phrase 12. adjective phrase
- 11. appositive phrase 13. adverb phrase

3. noun clause 4. infinitive clause

8. infinitive phrase

NOTE: Dependent clause and prepositional phrase were intentionally omitted from this demand. NOTE ON LT 16 Q: The "Must NOT Be Contained In" Demand is limited to once per shake. Therefore, in combination with LT 16 M & N in the Junior/Senior Divisions, it is possible to demand that a word be contained in two clauses or phrases and not contained in one phrase or clause.

R. AFTER THE DEMAND HAS BEEN MADE THAT THE WORD MUST BE IN A CLAUSE OR PHRASE, THIS ADDITIONAL DEMAND CAN SPECIFY HOW THAT CLAUSE OR PHRASE IS TO FUNCTION IN THE SENTENCE.

This sheet should be printed on the back of the JR/SR Order of Play Sheet - Revised August 2019

ILINIOP & SENIOP DIVISIONS - GENERAL DEMANDS