

# GAMES ORDER OF PLAY SHEET

JUNIOR DIVISION

PLAYER ONE - Rolls cubes and states a Sentence Pattern, Structure OR Purpose.

### PATTERN S-V

S-V-IO-DO

STRUCTURE

S-V-DO

Inverted

simple

S-LV-PN S-LV-PA S-V-DO-OC (n) S-V-DO-OC (adj) complex compound

PURPOSE

declarative interrogative imperative exclamatory

### PLAYER TWO – Uses a BLACK or GREEN cube to state a TYPE Demand

NOUN PRONOUN VERB ADJECTIVE **ADVERB** PREPOSITION CONJUNCTION INTERJECTION

PLAYER THREE – Uses a BLACK or GREEN cube to state a FUNCTION Demand

NOUN - Subject, Direct Object, Indirect Object, Predicate Noun, Object of the Preposition, Appositive, Noun Used as Adjective, Objective Complement

**PRONOUN** – Subject, Direct Object, Indirect Object, Predicate Noun, Object of the Preposition, Appositive, Objective Complement

**VERB** – Main Verb, Auxiliary, Infinitive, Gerund, Participle

ADJECTIVE - Noun Modifier, Pronoun Modifier, Predicate Adjective, Adjacent Adjective, Objective Complement

- ADVERB Verb Modifier, Adjective Modifier, Adverb Modifier
- **PREPOSITION** Introductory Word in an Adjective Phrase, Introductory Word in an Adverb Phrase
- **CONJUNCTION** Subordinator, Conjunctive Adverb

### **INTERJECTION - NONE -**

PLAYER THREE puts a cube in Letters or makes a Demand

## JUNIOR DIVISION GENERAL DEMANDS

- A. COLOR WILD
- **B. MUST CONTAIN LETTER** C.
  - MUST NOT CONTAIN LETTER
- D. LETTER TRANSFER
- Ε. NUMBER OF LETTERS
- F. DOUBLE VOWEL
- G. DOUBLE CONSONANT

### H. NOUN

compound-complex

- 4. nominative case 1. singular\*
- 2. plural\* 5. objective case
- 3. collective\*\*
- \*Not applicable to noun used as adjective \*\*When a collective noun is used as an adjective, it cannot be singular or plural, or have case

### I. PRONOUN

- 6. demonstrative 1. singular
- 2. plural 7. relative
- 3. indefinite 8. nominative case 4. personal
- 9. objective case 5. interrogative 10. possessive case

- 8. simple tense\*
- 9. perfect tense\*
- 3. linking 10. progressive form\*

+The player may choose to designate present, past,

or future when tense or form is called (not as an additional demand).

### **K. ADJECTIVE**

1. positive degree of comparison 2. comparative degree of comparison # 3. superlative degree of comparison #

### L. ADVERB

- 1. positive degree of comparison
- 2. comparative degree of comparison #
- 3. superlative degree of comparison #

# If these are demanded for adjective or adverb. the player may also indicate regular or irregular, not as an additional demand.

- M. CLAUSES°
- (the word must be contained in the clause)
- 3. adverb 1. noun 2. adjective 4. infinitive

### N. PHRASES

3. adverb clause

5. direct quote

6. indirect quote

(the word must be contained in the phrase)

4. infinitive 1. appositive 2. adjective 5. gerund 3. adverb 6. participial

°The number of times the two previous demands, M & N, can be called in a shake is two (2). EXAMPLE: 2 clauses, 2 phrases, OR 1 clause and 1 phrase.

### O. The word must be COMPOUND

### P. The word must be part of:

1.a direct quote (proper punctuation and capitalization required) 2. an indirect quote

### Q. The word must NOT BE contained in:

- 7. appositive phrase
- 2. adjective clause 8. adjective phrase
- 9. adverb phrase 4. infinitive clause
  - 10. infinitive phrase
  - 11. gerund phrase
  - 12. participial phrase

NOTE: The "Must NOT Be Contained In" Demand is limited to once per shake.

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- 7. past participle

4. regular 11. perfect progressive form<sup>+</sup> 1. noun clause 5. irregular 12. function for infinitive 6. present participle 13. function for gerund

J. VERB 1. singular 2. plural